

# SANT GADGE BABA AMRAVATI UNIVERSITY, AMRAVATI संत गाडगे बाबा अमरावती विद्यापीठ, अमरावती

# (FACULTY OF INTER-DISCIPLINARY STUDIES)

आंतर-विद्याशाखीय अभ्यास विद्याशाखा

# Advance Diploma in Counselling and Psychotherapy Semester – I & II

**Syllabus** 

(NEP -v24)

**Session – 2024-25** 

# Sant Gadge Baba Amravati University, Amravati

# **Faculty: Interdisciplinary Studies**

Two Year - Four Semester Post Graduate Diploma Programme - NEP v24

Programme: Advance Diploma in Counselling and Psychotherapy

#### Part A

As per the provisions in the Maharashtra Public Universities Act, 2016 (Mah. Act No. VI of 2017) Clause 45(1), Lifelong Learning and Extension is to create skilled and learned human resources through its various teaching–learning and skill development programmes in higher education. As a part of this initiative, Sant Gadge Baba Amravati University propose to launch One Year P.G. Diploma in Counselling and Psychotherapy programme from the academic year 2 0 1 7 - 2 0 1 8 through Department of Lifelong Learning & Extension under the Faculty of Inter-disciplinary studies. Advance Diploma in Counselling and Psychotherapy is an innovative programme which provides the set up for bringing the real world of work in classroom and give the opportunities to learner directly involved in development process in community. It would help learners to a wider and more comprehensive understanding of lifelong learning as a field of knowledge and would accommodate a wide variety of learners' needs. It is emphasized on knowledge generation process and to provide the suitable learning culture to the capabilities enhancement for lifetime and generating social capital.

# **OBJECTIVES OF THE PROGRAMME:**

Advance Diploma in Counselling and Psychotherapy aims to train students in counselling and psychotherapy wherein research and testing principles could be used to probe psychological problems. Student learn how to deal with people facing severe mental illness and conditions that would require long term treatment career and rehabilitation. The programme develops client ability to establish and maintain relationship. Student in this programme are trained to interpret various types of psychological tools in research.

- Postgraduate students will be able to understand concept of abnormal psychology
- Postgraduate students will be able to understand personality and developmental disorders.
- Postgraduate students will be able to gain fundamental knowledge of primary and advanced psychotherapy.
- Students will be able to understand process of different fields of counselling.
- Students will be able to understand teaching learning process.
- Students will be able to understand fundamental knowledge of scientific methods and research.
- Students will be able to write research proposal, thesis, research paper etc.
- Students will be able to understand children problems and family counselling.
- Students will be able to gain fundamental knowledge of health problems and counselling.
- Students will be able to understand various facets of vocational counselling and evaluation of vocational counselling.
- The **Advance** Diploma syllabus of counselling & psychotherapy is designed as per the need of academics and the guidelines given by UGC and for various other competitive examinations. The curriculum of the Department is revised after every five years.

#### **ADMISSION ELIGIBILITY:**

- i. A candidate who has passed three-year degree programme of Bachelor of Arts (Psychology or Counselling and Psychotherapy or Bachelor of Science or relevant subject) or any graduate having psychology or relevant subject as a subject of U G degree programme or as Major or Minor of any statutory university.
- ii. Any other Three years bachelor degree graduates of statutory university can take admission but for such students, it will be mandatory to earn minimum 24 credits from prescribed Additional course work / Pre-requisite course. Throughout the duration of this programme, if the prescribed Additional course work / Pre-requisite course is not successfully completed, the result of second semester (of this P. G. Diploma Programme) will not be declared.

#### SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THIS PROGRAMME:

#### Commitments for learner:

- Student commits that he/she will attend the classes regularly.
- Student commits that he/she will go thoroughly comprehensive learning activities and try out them in scenario of lifelong learning.
- Student commits that he/she will involve Community Learning Programme.
- Student commits that he/she will go thoroughly the methods of teaching learning.
- Student commits that he/she will find more tools and techniques.

# PROGRAMME OUTCOMEs (POs)

The department is mainly involved in imparting both theoretical and field work knowledge to students in the subject. The **Advance Diploma** in counselling and psychotherapy aims to train students in counselling and psychotherapy wherein research and testing principles could be used to probe psychological problems. The PG Programme aims at the following:

- To equip the students with the latest sociological knowledge, research aptitudes and skills.
- To provide opportunities and encourage students for carrying on research works and participate in higher level.
- Seminars/Workshops/Conferences are held at intervals.
- To encourage the students for various competitive examinations ie SET /NET/MPSC UPSC etc.
- To encourage our students for various extracurricular and extension activities.
- Student learn how to deal with people facing severe mental illness and conditions that would require long term treatment career and rehabilitation.
- The programme develops client's ability to establish and maintain relationships.
- Student in this programme are trained to select various types of psychological tools in research.

It is to be noted that a number of students of our Department have passed through NET/SET/MPSC/UPSC/other Competitive examinations and some of them have been working as teachers, lecturers, office personnel in Government Organizations and NGOs and businessmen.

#### PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs):

- Postgraduate students will be able to understand concept of abnormal psychology
- Postgraduate students will be able to understand personality and developmental disorders.
- Postgraduate students will be able to gain fundamental knowledge of primary and advanced psychotherapy.
- Students will be able to understand process of different fields of counselling.
- Understand teaching learning process.
- Students will be able to understand fundamental knowledge of scientific methods and research.
- Students will be able to write research proposal, thesis, research paper etc.

# EMPLOYABILITY/ PLACEMENT POTENTIAL OF THE PROGRAMME:

#### (I) Psychotherapist

As a psychotherapist you have to work with individuals, couples, groups or families, and help them to overcome their psychological issues, including emotional and relationship-related issues, stress and even addiction.

#### (II) Social worker and Social Psychology

Social workers may work within schools, homes, hospitals or other public agencies and will tend to specialize in working with children and families or vulnerable adults.

- (III) Counselling is often a form of talking therapy and can encompass areas including marriage and family, health, abuse, rehabilitation, education, grief, mental health, career guidance. As a counsellor you'll be involved in helping clients come to better terms with their lives and experiences through exploration of feelings and emotions.
- (IV) Psychology careers are available in education nowadays, number of private schools offer school counsellors job to psychology students. This is a role concerned with the development of young people in educational settings, with the aim of enhancing learning and dealing with Social and emotional issues or learning difficulties.

# (V) Psychology careers in research

Psychology careers in research may be based within research agencies, public and private organizations or in universities. University-based careers vary but tend to combine research and teaching. Research careers within other sectors are even more wide-ranging but could mean contributing to governmental policy development or issues of importance for industry.

#### (VI) Media and advertising

Psychology graduates can impart valuable insights into human behavior, as well as offer the ability to analyses problems, listen attentively, give considered responses and act with empathy and reason. Because of this, media role within all departments including management, production, scheduling and writing are well within reach for psychology graduates.

#### (VII) Human resources and communications careers

Psychology is all about understanding people and how they think, making human resources and communications careers another good match. These roles, available in both the public and private sectors, encompass areas such as employee satisfaction, professional development, training, recruitment, PR, payroll and internal communications.

#### (VIII) Business and management careers

Business and management careers are another good option for psychology graduates. However, further training and work experience are likely to be required before entering managerial roles, you could start out by pursuing careers within business consultancy, marketing, sales, advertising or business development, before working your way up the ladder.

# Learning outcomes descriptors for a higher education qualification at level 6 on the NHEQF

The Bachelor's degree (Honours/ Honours with Research) or the Advance Diploma is awarded to students who have demonstrated the achievement of the outcomes located at level 6 on the NHEQF.

# Descriptors for qualifications at levels 6 on the NHEQF

Element of the descriptor	NHEQF level descriptors
	The graduates should be able to demonstrate the acquisition of:
Knowledge and understanding	<ul> <li>Advanced knowledge about a specialized field of enquiry, with depth in one or more fields of learning within a broad multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary context.</li> <li>A coherent understanding of the established methods and</li> </ul>
	techniques of research and enquiry applicable to the chosen fields of learning.  • an awareness and knowledge of the emerging developments and
	issues in the chosen fields of learning,
	Procedural knowledge required for performing and accomplishing professional tasks associated with the chosen fields of learning.
	The graduates should be able to demonstrate the acquisition of:
General, technical and professional skills required to	<ul> <li>a range of cognitive and technical skills required for performing and accomplishing complex tasks relating to the chosen fields of learning,</li> </ul>
perform and accomplish tasks	• cognitive and technical skills relating to the established research methods and techniques,
	<ul> <li>cognitive and technical skills required to evaluate complex ideas and undertake research and investigations to generate solutions to real-life problems,</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>generate solutions to complex problems independently, requiring the exercise of full personal judgment, responsibility, and accountability for the output of the initiatives taken as a practitioner</li> </ul>
	The graduates should be able to demonstrate the ability to:
Application of knowledge and	apply the acquired advanced technical and/or theoretical knowledge
skills	and a range of cognitive and practical skills to analyze the quantitative and qualitative data gathered drawing on a wide range
	of sources for identifying problems and issues relating to the chosen fields of learning,
	Apply advanced knowledge relating to research methods to carry
	out research and investigations to formulate evidence-based solutions to complex and unpredictable problems.
	The graduates should be able to demonstrate the ability to:
Generic learning outcomes	• listen carefully, read texts and research papers analytically, and
	present complex information in a clear and concise manner to different groups/ audiences,
	<ul> <li>communicate technical information and explanations, and the findings/ results of the research studies relating to specialized fields of learning,</li> </ul>
	• Present in a concise manner one's views on the relevance and
	applications of the findings of research and evaluation studies in the context of emerging developments and issues.
	<ul> <li>meet own learning needs relating to the chosen fields of learning,</li> </ul>
	• Pursue self-paced and self-directed learning to upgrade knowledge and skills that will help accomplish complex tasks and pursue a higher level of education and research. The graduates should be able to demonstrate:
	<ul> <li>a keen sense of observation, enquiry, and capability for asking relevant/ appropriate questions, the ability to problematize, synthesize and articulate issues and design research proposals,</li> </ul>
	• the ability to define problems, formulate appropriate and relevant research questions, formulate hypotheses, test hypotheses using quantitative and qualitative data, establish hypotheses, make inferences based on the analysis and interpretation of data, and predict cause-and-effect relationships,

the capacity to develop appropriate tools for data collection, the ability to plan, execute and report the results of an experiment or investigation, the ability to acquire the understanding of basic research ethics and skills in practicing/doing ethics in the field/ in own research work, regardless of the funding authority or field of study, Examine and assess the implications and consequences of emerging developments and issues relating to the chosen fields of study based on empirical evidence. make judgment in a range of situations by critically reviewing and consolidating evidence, exercise judgment based on evaluation of evidence from a range of sources to generate solutions to complex problems, including reallife problems, associated with the chosen field(s) of learning requiring the exercise of full personal responsibility and accountability the initiatives undertaken outputs/outcomes of own work as well as of the group as a team member. The graduates should be able to demonstrate the willingness and Constitutional. humanistic. ability to: ethical, and moral values Embrace and practice constitutional, humanistic, ethical, and moral values in life. Adopt objective, unbiased, and truthful actions in all aspects of work related to the chosen field(s) of learning and professional Present coherent arguments in support of relevant ethical and moral Participate in actions to address environmental and sustainable development issues. Follow ethical practices in all aspects of research and development, including avoiding unethical practices such as fabrication, falsification, or misrepresentation of data or committing plagiarism. The graduates should be able to demonstrate the acquisition of Employability and job-ready knowledge and skills required for: skills, and entrepreneurship adapting to the future of work and to the demands of the fast pace skills and capabilities/ of technological developments and innovations that drive a shift in qualities and mind set employers' demands for skills, particularly with respect to the transition towards more technology-assisted work involving the creation of new forms of work and rapidly changing work and production processes. Managing complex technical or professional activities or projects, requiring the exercise of full personal responsibility for the output of own work as well as for the outputs of the group as a member of the group/team. Exercising supervision in the context of work having unpredictable

Additional Course Work / Pre -Requisite Course of Minimum 24 Credits for those Students who have not opted 'Psychology' as Subject of Degree Programme or as Major or Minor in 3 Years U. G. Degree programme but had taken admission in this Advance Diploma in Counselling and Psychotherapy.

Sr. No.	Code of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
1	PRREQ PSY01	Additional Course Work / Pre –Requisite course	Basic Concept of Counseling and Psychotherapy I	60	04

#### Cos:

- Through this course, students know about fundamental and advance methodology in research.
- To impart the required Counselling techniques to guide parents
- Gain the knowledge of concept and various fields of counselling.
- The students will be able to understand how our behavior changes by social influence.
- Students will diagnose and analyze various mental disorders based on clinical features.
- Understand the Assessing Intelligence and know the theories of Intelligence

Unit	Content	Hours
Unit I	Scientific Research:	10
Research Methodology	<ul> <li>Meaning, Stages in Research Types of</li> </ul>	
	Research.	
	• Problems	
	Sampling	
	Hypothesis	
Unit II	Nature and principles of Development	10
<b>Child Counselling</b>	<ul> <li>process of Heredity;</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Genetic Abnormalities Genetic</li> </ul>	
	Counselling	
Unit III	Introduction to Counselling	10
Counselling Psychology	• Concept,	
	Historical Antecedent,	
	Goals and	
	Current Trends of Counselling, Ethical	
	Issues in Counselling	
Unit IV	Social Psychology:	10
Applied Social Psychology	A working definition	
	social Psychology	
	Scientific Nature	
	Brief History of Social Psychology: what	
	we learn from it?	
Unit V	Internalizing Disorders:	10
Developmental	Anxiety Disorders	
<b>Psychopathology</b>	Childhood depression conversion reaction	
	Obsessive compulsive behavior	
	• (Causes & intervention	10
Unit VI	Intelligence Testing:	
Psychological Assessment	Stanford-Binet Scales	
	• Wechsler Scales,	
	Bhatia's Battery of Intelligence.	

#### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. Merton, Robert: Social Theory and Social Structure Goode, W and Hatt P.
- 2. Methods in Social Research Bee, H. (1985)
- 3. The Developing Child. Fourth Edition, Harper & Row Publishers, USA.
- 4. Deshpande, Chandra shekhar: Samopadeshan Praksriya, Pune
- 5. Band, Tim (1997) Standards and Ethics for Counselling in Action, New Delhi: SAGE
- 6. Aggarwal, J. C., (1998)
- 7. Career information & Career Guidance: Theory & Practice, Doaba House, New Delhi.
- 8. Baron, R. A., & Branscombe, N.R., (2012)
- 9. Social Psychology (13th Ed). New Delhi: Pearson. Alloy, L. B.; Riskind, J. H. and Manos, M. J. (2006).
- 10. Abnormal Psychology: Current Perspectives, 9th ed. Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 11. कहाडे डॉ.बी. एम. शााीय साशोधन पमती, जपापळापुरे ॲÁड का . पि&लशिस नागपरू.

Sr. No.	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
2	PRREQ PSY02	Additional Course Work / Pre –Requisite Course	Basic Concept of Counselling and Psychotherapy II	60	04

#### Cos:

- Students will understand key psychological approaches and research methods.
- Focus on the behavioral factors in the fields of health counselling
- students know to cope with Stress
- Understand the period of development the significance of age and discuss development issue.
- Students will learn about the foundational concepts cognitive psychology, historical development, key theoretical approaches, and research methods in cognitive psychology, as well as its current status and paradigms.
- Introducing Students to Parental Counselling

Unit	Content	Hours
Unit I Fundamentals of Psychology  Unit II Health Counselling	Introduction to Psychology  Definition and goals of Psychology Schools of Psychology: Psychodynamic, Behaviorism Humanistic Cognitive.  Introduction to Health Counselling: Definition, Nature, Scope	10
Unit III	Bio psychosocial Model of Health.  Stress & Coping:	
Stress and Coping	<ul> <li>Nature Definition of stress Types of Stress,</li> <li>Causes Consequences,</li> <li>Coping: <ul> <li>Meditation,</li> <li>Yoga,</li> <li>Diaphragmatic Breathing, Progressive muscular relaxation,</li> <li>Biofeedback,</li> <li>Music therapy</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	10
Unit IV Human Development	Concept of human Development, Growth and Development Biological Perspectives	10
Unit V Cognitive Psychology	Introduction To Cognitive psychology Origin and Brief History of Cognitive Psychology:  • Current status of cognitive psychology • Modern cognitive psychology	10
Unit VI Parental Counselling	Nature and Definition of Parental Counselling	10

# **Books Recommended:**

- 1) Ciccarelli, S. and Mayer (2008): Psychology, Pearson-Longman South Asia Edition.
- 2) Asken, M, and Medical Psychology: Toward definition Classification and Organization, Professional Psychology (1979)
- 3) Manika Gosh (2015). Health Psychology-concepts in Health and Well-Being. Pearson Publication Delhi.
- 4) Matlin, M. (1994). Cognition. Prism India Books
- 5) Barabara, E (2006). Personality Theories (7 thed). New York: Houghton mifflin Company

# **Practical**

Sr. No.	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
3	PRREQ PSY03	Additional Course Work / Pre –Requisite Course	Practical	120	04

#### Cos

- > The student get acquainted to assess the ability to recall series of discrete stimuli such as digit letters, words, sounds.
- > By the depth perception test the students get acquainted to demonstrate experimentally the perception of distance.
- The students are able to evaluate the presence and severity of death anxiety.
- > The students are able to assess symptoms of social anxiety.

# List of Practical/ Laboratory Experiments / Activities, etc.

	Name of Practical
•	Memory Span (Experiment)
•	Depth Perception (Experiment)
•	Death Anxiety (Psychological Test)
•	Social Phobia Scale (Psychological Test)

# Credit Distribution of Additional Course Work / Pre -Requisite Course

Sr.	Course Code	Subject Name	Credit
No.			
1.	PRREQ PSY01	Basic Concept of Counselling and Psychotherapy I	4
2.	PRREQ PSY02	Basic Concept of Counselling and Psychotherapy II	4
3.	PRREQ PSY03	Practical	
4.	PRREQ PSY04	Seminar on Above Paper	
5.	PRREQ PSY05	Assessment/ Life Skills including Employment Skills/ Social/ Community Work	
6.	PRREQ PSY06	Digital learning / Filed visit / Filed project	2
7.	PRREQ PSY07	Case Study / Home Assignment	2
		Total	24

# The Evaluation Mechanism is as under

(Internal Assessment / Evaluation / Examination)

#### The evaluation system of Introduction to Basic concept of Counselling - I

- A theory paper based on 6 units descriptive type of maximum 40 marks duration 2 hours.
- Examination with MCQ of 20 marks based on all 6 units.

#### The evaluation system of Introduction to Basic concept of Counselling - II

- A theory paper based on 6 units descriptive type of maximum 40 marks duration 2 hours.
- Examination with MCQ of 20marks based on all 6 units.

# The evaluation system of Practical

- Candidate has to do practical.
- Student should take part in above mention practical will be record submitted.

#### The evaluation system of Seminar on above Papers

 Candidate has to deliver 4 seminars any 2 topics from theory paper-I (Basic concept of Counselling - I) and any 2 topics from theory paper-II (Basic concept of Counselling - II) Seminar Report will have to be submitted.

#### The evaluation system of Social community work

- By organising daily task within the society
- By interacting effectively within their community environment

#### Evaluation system for Case Study write any two case study

- Organizing any one Training Program /Workshop in marginalized group
- Implementation of Training/ workshop

#### The evaluation system of Digital learning

- \Test and quizzes are useful for measuring the learning outcome of learner
- Observation and performance reviews are helpful for evaluating the results.

#### The evaluation system of Field visit.

- Students will visit to the Gove. Hospitals psychiatric ward / De-addiction Center/ Family Court and understand their working system.
- A report of the activities will be submitted.

#### **Evaluation system for Home assignment**

- Assignment will be taken in written form from the student on various subjects
- Assignment will be prepared from the students by giving any two questions as per the syllabus.

# **Special Note:**

- It is self-learning / online / through SWAYAM or may be organized MOOC platform course the teachers / faculty of department / Institute / College will facilitate the learning and assessment of the course.
- All those students who have not studied the course of Psychology or relevant subject will have to do Pre-requisite course and earn 24 credits.
- Psychology graduates are exempted from this course.
- Assessment / Examination and Evaluation of this Additional course work / Pre-requisite course will be done through Internal Assessment Process at level of Department / Institute.
- The course completion certificate will be submitted by Head of the Department / Institute to the Examination Section of the University, before completion of second semester university examination of that academic year.
- The undertaking along with the list of those students who do not require the Additional Course Work / Pre-requisite Course will be simultaneously submitted by the Head of University Department / Principal / Head of the Institute to the Examination Center.
- It is compulsory to the admitted student (non-psychology graduates) to Complete Additional course work / Pre-Requisite Course in the first Semester & second Semester of the current academic year.
- The evaluation of the said Additional course work / Pre-requisite course will be done under the concerned Department / Institute. The subject expert of the regarding programme or course, Institute will have authority to conduct the evaluation.
- The complete outline of the Additional course work / Pre-requisite course is given at the beginning of the syllabus of the said course.

#### Part – B

# Sant Gadge Baba Amravati University, Amravati. Faculty: Interdisciplinary Studies Two Year – four Semester Programme-NEP v24 Advance Diploma in Counselling and Psychotherapy Semester I

			Schiester 1		
Sr. No	Code of the Course	Code of the Subject	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
1.	RM and IPR	PGDC 101	Research Methodology- I	60	04
2.	DSC I.1	PGDC 102	Fundamentals of Psychology	60	04
3.	DSC II.1	PGDC 103	Fundamentals of Counselling and Fields of Counselling	60	04
4.	DSC III.1	PGDC 104	Psycho-Diagnostics	60	04
5.	DSE I	PGDC 105 A PGDC 105 B	Human Development and Family Relationship OR Cognitive Psychology	60	04
6.	DSC I.1 LAB	PGDC 106	Practical	60	02
7.	Experiential lea Digital learning etc.	240	Included Above		
	,	Minimum 600 Learning Hours	22		

This course consists of eight laboratory experiments/Tests, Analysis of a Film/Case and seminar. Each student shall complete eight experiments and submit record book containing reports of experiment, Tests, Analysis of a Film/Case and Seminar.

# 1) Experiments (Any Four)

- 1. Substitution Learning
- 2. Memory Span
- 3. Recall and Recognition
- 4. Mental Set
- 5. Muller Lyer Illusion
- 6. Habit interference
- 7. Effect of knowledge of result on performance
- 8. Judgement of Emotion

# 2) Test (Any Four)

- 1. Intelligence
- 2. Creativity
- 3. Emotional Intelligence
- 4. Personality
- 5. Aptitude
- 6. Attitude
- 3) Visits- Four- Visits to Agencies like Family Court, Observation Homes, Central Prison, Hospitals, De –addiction Centre, Family Counselling Centre etc. A student has to prepare & present a PPT based on his/her given visit (Any one)
- 4) Viewing & Analysis of a film based on Psychological Disorder.

# Advance Diploma in Counselling and Psychotherapy Semester II

Sr. No	Code of the Course	Code of the Subject	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
1.	DSC I.2	PGDC 201	Abnormal Psychology I	60	04
2.	DSC II.2	PGDC 202	Psychotherapy I	60	04
3.	DSC III.2	PGDC 203	Counselling Skills and Practices	60	04
4.	DSE II	PGDC204 A OR PGDC 204 B	Vocational Guidance and Counselling OR Personality Theories	60	04
5.	DSC I.2 LAB	PGDC 205	Practical	60	02
6.	OJT, Internship/ Field Projects.		If the student opts to exit the programme after I year then -# On Job Training, Internship / Apprenticeship; Field projects Related to Major (120 Hrs)		04*
7.			self-study / field visits / Digital on and Examination etc.	300	Included Above
			Total	Minimum 600 Learning Hours	18 +4*

# 1) Test (Any Eight):

- 1. Eysenck's Personality Questionnaire [EPQ]
- 2. Self-Concept Inventory
- 3. Aggression Scale
- 4. Death Anxiety Scale
- 5. Youth Problem Check List
- 6. Mental Status Examination
- 7. Depression Scale
- 8. Stress Scale
- 9. Social Maturity Scale
- 10. Old Age Adjustment Inventory
- 11. Mental Health Inventory
- 12. TAT/Rorschach Ink Blot Test

# 2) Internship

- Two case studies (presentation and report) to be conducted on psychological disorders.
- Presentation of report of Internship a power point presentation shall be made by the examinee pertaining to the internship 120 hours, in the presence of external examiner. An examiner has to face and answer the questions asked by the examiner with regards personal and technical preparations for internship and experiences gained during internship.

# Sant Gadge Baba Amravati University, Amravati.

# **Faculty: Interdisciplinary**

# Two Year – four Semesters Programme-NEPv24 Advance Diploma in Counselling and Psychotherapy Semester: I

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
1	RM and IPR	PGDC 101	Th-Major	Research Methodology and Intellectual Property Right	60	4

#### Cos:

- Through this course, students know about fundamental and advance methodology in research.
- The main objective of the IPR is to make the students aware of their rights for the protection of their invention done in their project work.
- To get registration in our country and foreign countries of their invention, design and thesis
- To get registration of Theory written by the students during their project work and for this they must have knowledge of Patents, copy right.
- To have knowledge of trademarks Designs and information Technology Act.
- To be acquainted by different types of IPR's.

Unit	Content	Hours
	Social Research:	
Unit I	Objectives	10
	Characteristics	
	Importance	
	<ul> <li>utility of Social Research</li> </ul>	
	Major steps in Scientific Research:	
Unit II	• Formulation of Research Problems:	
	Selection of the Problems	10
	Hypothesis	
	Sources of Hypothesis	
	Data Collection:	
Unit III	Primary sources of data	
	<ul> <li>Secondary sources of data</li> </ul>	
	Tools of Data Collection	10
	• Interview: Main Steps of Interview Techniques, Qualities of	
	good interviewer.	
	Scaling Techniques:	
Unit IV	The Bogardus social distance scale,	10
	Stoichiometric Scale.	
	Validity in Social Research	
	Reliability in Social Research	
4	Problems of Study in Social Research:	
Unit V	Nature of social phenomena	10
	Objectivity: meaning	10
	Difficulties in objectivity	
	Significance of objectivity	
T	Intellectual Property Rights:	
Unit VI	Introduction to IPR :Nature of Property	10
	Meaning of Intellectual Rights.	10
	Patent Rights	
	Copy right	

- 1) Merton, Robert: Social Theory and Social Structure
- 2) Goode, W and Hatt P. Methods in Social Research
- 3) Jahoda, M. Deuteck and cook: Research Methods in Social Relation.
- 4) Festinger, L.D. and Katz, D (ed): Research Methods in behavioural Sciences.
- 5) Modge, J. Hie tools of Social Sciences
- 6) Young, P.V. Scientific Social Survey and Research.
- 7) Lazaras, Field P. (Ed): Language of social Research.
- 8) Wilkinson, T.S. and .P.L. Bhandarkar: Methodology and Techniques of social Research, Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay.
- 9) P. Qarrett: Statistics in Education and Psychology.
- 10) Mueller and Schuessler: Stastical Resioning in Sociology.
- 11) P. Saravanavel: Research Methodology.
- 12) Bose, Pradip Kumar: Research Methodology, New Delhi, ICCSR
- 13) D.A. Devaus, 1 986: Surveys in Social Research J London
- 14) Punch, Keith 1 986: Introduction to Social Research.
- 15) Mukharjee P.N. 2000 Methodology in social Research.
- 16) पु.ल. भााडारकर :सामािजक साशोधन पÅदती,महाराÕů राज्य úाथजनजिमती माडळ, नागपूर.
- 17) वािपेयी एस. आर. : सामािजक अनुसांधान और सवेeण
- 18) सतपाला हेला :सामािजक सवेeण और अनुसांधान के मुलतावे
- 19) खैरनार जदलीप, राऊतÿा. जकशोर :सामािजक साशोधन पÅदती.
- 20) आगलावे डॉ. एंजदप, सामािजक साशोधन प#तीशा' व तर्⁄े, साईनाथ एंकाशन नागपरू.
- 21) कहाडे डॉ.बी. एम. शाा'ीय साशोधन पमती, जपापळापुरे ॲAंड का . पि&लशिस नागपरू.
- 22) घाटोळे रा.ना. समािशाा'ीय साशोधन प्रमती व तÂवे, Aी. मागेशंं काशन नागपूर.
- 23) बौ&लÅदक सापदा ह³कः डॉ. जव.म. गोजवलकर, डायमाड पि&लके शन
- 24) बौ&लåदक सापदा ह³क: Öवभप आजण समÖया, डॉ. ियAी नेमाडे, ÿशाात पि&लके शन
- 25) Intellectual Property Rights in India, V. K. Ahuja, Volume 1 & Volume 2.
- 26) Encyclopaedia of Social Science

#### Semester: I

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
2	DSC-II.1	PGDC 102	Th-Major	Fundamentals of Psychology	60	4

#### Cos:

- Students will understand key psychological approaches and research methods.
- Students will learn about the brain, nervous system, and biological bases of behavior.
- Students will explore major branches of psychology and their interdisciplinary connections.
- Students will grasp the fundamentals of motivation, emotion, and related theories.
- Students will study the concepts, types, and theories of intelligence and personality.
- Students will understand and apply different learning theories and conditioning methods.

Unit	Content	Hours
	Introduction to Psychology	
Unit I	<ul> <li>Definition and goals of Psychology, schools of Psychology:</li> </ul>	
	Psychodynamic,	
	<ul> <li>behaviorism, humanistic,</li> </ul>	
	• Cognitive.	
	Methods of Psychology-	10
	• Experimental,	
	• Observation,	
	• Survey,	
	Correlational and clinical method.	
	Biological bases of behavior:	
Unit II	• Function and structure of neuron,	10
	Spinal cord and brain.	10
	Autonomic nervous system	
	Branches of Psychology	
Unit III	Relationship with other sciences	
	Social Psychology, Health, Educational, Industrial	
	Psychology.	10
	Nero Psychology	10
	Developmental Psychology	
	<ul> <li>Clinical Psychology</li> </ul>	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Francis Psychology  Mativation and Emation	
IIn:4 IV	Motivation and Emotion	
Unit IV	Motivation: Definition, Motivational cycle, types of motives:	
	Physiological, Psychological, Social motives. Hierarchy of	
	motives	10
	• Emotions: Definition, characteristics, physiological changes	
	in emotion, role of limbic system. Theories of emotion-	
	James-Lange, Cannon-Bard, Schechter Singer theory.	
	Coping Mechanism	
·	Intelligence and Personality	
Unit V	• <b>Intelligence</b> : Definition, types, the concept of IQ, distribution	
	of IQ, types of intelligence, measurement, Theories of	
	intelligence-Banet, Spearman, Thurston, and Guilford.	10
	• Personality: Nature, definition, Personality measurement,	
	Trait and type approach. Determinants of personality:	
	heredity and environment)	

	Learning and Memory	
Unit VI	• Learning: Definition, Types of learning, Methods of learning : imitation, Classical and instrumental conditioning, trial and error, insight learning	10
	Memory: Definition, stages of memory, sensory memory, short-term memory and long-term memory. Methods to measure retention, techniques to improve memory	

- 1) Myers, D. G. (2013): Psychology, McMillan, New Delhi.
- 2) Ciccarelli, S. and Mayer (2008): Psychology, Pearson-Longman South Asia Edition.
- 3) Baron and Misra (2016): Psychology(5<sup>th</sup>ed.) Pearson, New Delhi.
- 4) Passer, M. W. and Smith, R. E. (2007): Psychology: The Science of Mind and Behaviour; Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi.
- 5) Thompson Wadsworth. Introduction to Psychology, Gateways to Mind and Behaviour. Singapore.
- 6) जससरे ली आजणमेयर (२००८) : अमृताओक, शोभना अर्थ्यांकर आजण जशला गोळाजवलकर) मानसशाा'ः जपयरसन दजeण आजशया आवती.
- 7) जनशा माधडा आजण शजशकाति खलाने (२०१३) मानसशा/ाची मुलतÂवे : अथिव ÿकाशन,
- 8) जहरवे आजण तडसरे (२००६) : सामाÆय मानसशा।, फडके प्रकाशन, कोÐहापरू.
- 9) ईनामदार, गाडेकर आजण पाटील (२००६) आधुजनक सामाÆय मानसशा', डायमाड ÿकाशन, पुणे.
- 10) पाजडत, कुळकणी आजण गोरे (१९९९) : सामाÆय मानसशाr, जपापराळे ÿकाशन, नागपरू.
- 11) बडगुजर बोछाव आणि िशदे (२००६) सामाÆय मानसशा। जवांा प्रकाशन, औरंगाबाद.
- 12) पाÅये Óही. एस. (२०१५): आधुजनक सामाÆय मानसशा', जवाा ÿकाशन, औरंगाबाद.
- 13) बोरडे आर. आर. (२००२) बोधजनक मानसंशा।, छाया प्रकाशन, औरंगाबाद.
- 14) जनाबाळकर, के. पी. (२०१६): मानसशाा ीय ÿयोग आजण पररeण, सायकोÖकॅन,वधा.
- 15) देशमुख, एन. एच. (२००७) : अéयास कौशÐय, वेदमुþा ÿकाशन, अमरावती

#### **Semester: I**

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
3	DSC- III.1	PGDC 103	Th-Major	Fundamentals of counselling and fields of counselling	60	4

#### Cos:

- Gain the knowledge of concept and various fields of counselling.
- To understand the proper process of Counselling
- To apply family therapy to clients.
- To do basic counselling of needy people in education sectors
- To able to solve various types of problems faced by major health issues.
- To able to solve various types of problems faced by industrial workers.

Unit	Content	Hours
	Introduction to Counselling and Family Therapy	
Unit I	<ul> <li>Counselling: Meaning, Scope and Goals of Counseling.</li> </ul>	10
	<ul> <li>Types of Counselling</li> </ul>	10
	<ul> <li>Characteristics of Effective Counsellor</li> </ul>	
	Ethics in Counselling	
	Understanding Counselling as a Process	
Unit II	<ul> <li>Essential factors in counselling process</li> </ul>	10
	• Stages of the counselling process	10
	Professional issues of Counsellor	
TT *4 TTT	Schools of Family Therapy & Modalities of Counselling	
Unit III	Solution Focused and Strategic Family Therapy	
	Cognitive Behavioral Family Therapy	
	<ul> <li>Integrated Approach to Family Therapy</li> </ul>	
	Family Interviewing	10
	<ul> <li>Crisis Intervention</li> </ul>	10
	Supportive Counselling	
	Psycho-education Unit	
4	EDUCATIONAL COUNSELLING	
Unit IV	Meaning, Scope and Types of Educational Counseling	
	<ul> <li>Emotional and Behavioral Problems</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>School Difficulties</li> </ul>	10
	<ul> <li>Child/Adolescent with Disability</li> </ul>	
	Parent Training	
	<ul> <li>Dealing with victims of child sexual abuse</li> </ul>	
	HEALTH COUNSELLING	
Unit V	Meaning, Scope and of Health Counseling	10
	<ul> <li>Working with Chronic Illness</li> </ul>	10
	<ul> <li>Dealing with HIV/AIDS</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Dealing with Cancer Patients</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Dealing with Substance Abuse Unit</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Dealing with Deliberate Self Harm</li> </ul>	
	INDUSTRIAL COUNSELLING	
	Meaning, Scope and of Industrial Counseling	

Unit VI	Organizational Behavior,	
	• Role overload,	
	<ul> <li>Occupational Stress,</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Labor – Management crisis,</li> </ul>	10
	<ul> <li>Psychological &amp; Mental health Problems,</li> </ul>	
	• Absenteeism,	
	<ul> <li>Maladjustment</li> </ul>	

- 1. Band, Tim (1997) Standards and Ethics for Counselling in Action, New Delhi: SAGE
- 2. Aggarwal, J. C., (1998) Career information & Career Guidance: Theory & Practice, Doaba House, New Delhi.
- 3. Cochran, Larry, D., and Crow, Alice (1962) An Introduction to Guidance: Basic Principal and Practice, Eurasia Publication House Ltd. New Delhi
- 4. Deshpande, Chandra shekhar: Samopadeshan Praksriya, Pune

#### Semester: I

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
4	DSC- IV.1	PGDC 104	Th-Major	Psycho-diagnostics	60	4

#### Cos:

- Know the History of Clinical Psychology and understand the detail concept of clinical psychology
- Understand the pillars of Clinical Psychology.
- Understand the detail concept of Interviewing an Observation, To develop the observation skills and know different of Interviewing & observation
- Understand the Assessing Intelligence and know the theories of Intelligence
- Familiarize with psychological test and access basic function. Of the mind & behavior
- Implement of psychological measurement and to implement & understand different types of assessment measure.

Unit	Content	Hours
	The Evolution of clinical psychology and contemporary clinical	
Unit I	Psychology:-	
	<ul> <li>Defining the nature and scope of clinical psychology</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Mental health professions</li> </ul>	10
	<ul> <li>A brief History of clinical psychology</li> </ul>	
	Activities of clinical psychologists	
Unit II	<ul> <li>Employment Settings</li> </ul>	10
	<ul> <li>The two pillars of clinical psychology: Science and ethics</li> </ul>	10
	<ul> <li>Training in clinical psychology</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Licensure in clinical psychology</li> </ul>	
	Assessment: Interviewing and Observation	
Unit III	<ul> <li>Ethical issues: Limits of confidentiality</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Unstructured Assessment interviews</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Structured Diagnostic Interviews</li> </ul>	10
	<ul> <li>General Issues in Interviewing</li> </ul>	
	• Observations	
	Assessment: Intellectual and cognitive measures	
Unit IV	<ul> <li>Defining Intelligence</li> </ul>	10
	<ul> <li>Theories of Intelligence</li> </ul>	10
	<ul> <li>Assessing Intelligence: The Clinical context</li> </ul>	
	Assessment: Self – Report and Projective measures	
Unit V	<ul> <li>Self-Presentation biases</li> </ul>	10
UIII V	<ul> <li>Developing Culturally appropriate measures</li> </ul>	10
	<ul> <li>Projective measures of Personality</li> </ul>	
	Clinical Assessment	10
Unit VI	<ul> <li>Introduction to Psychological Testing, Principles, Uses and</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Classification.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Relation and administration of Tests</li> </ul>	
	Personality testing	
	Aptitude test	
	Diagnostic psychological testing	

- 1. George R. J. (2000) Psychological Testing: History: Principal & Application, Boston: Allyn & Baeen.
- 2. Anastasi, A. & Vrbina, S. (1977) Psychological Testing, USA: Prentice Hal
- 3. Garret, H.E. (1962) Statistic in Psychology & Education, London, Longmans
- 4. Sarason, I.G. and Sarson, B. R.(2005) Abnormal psychology. N.D. :Dorling Kindersley
- 5. Caroson, R. C., Butcher, J. N. Mineka, S, and Hooley, J.M. (2007) Abnormal Psychology 13<sup>th</sup>
- 6. Edition. Pearson Education India
- 7. Taylor,S.(2006) 6<sup>th</sup> Edition: Health Psychology.N. D: Tata McGhraw-Hill Publication

# **Semester: I**

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
5	DSE-IV.I A	PGDC 105 A	Th-Major Elective	Human development and family relationships	60	4

# Cos:

- Know the history of Human development
- Know different stages of Human development
- To deal with different challenges.
- Understand the period of development the significance of age and discuss development issue.
- Understand the family theoretical perspective
- To get familiars with family life circle

Unit	Content	Hours
Unit I	<ul> <li>Introduction to Human Development</li> <li>Concept of human development, Growth and</li> </ul>	
	Development, Biological Perspectives,	10
	Psychoanalytic Theories: Cognitive, Learning	
	and Intelligence Theories, Humanistic,	
	Ethological and Contextual Theories	
	<ul> <li>Methods of Studying Development, role of nature and nurture in development</li> </ul>	
	Parental Development and Infancy	
Unit II	Prenatal Development: Genetics, stages, characteristics	
	and hazards of prenatal development	10
	<ul> <li>Infancy: The birth process, Types of birth, Complication of childbirth</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Infancy: Physical, emotional, major development and</li> </ul>	
	hazards in infancy	
	Childhood & Adolescence	
Unit III	• Early and late childhood: characteristics, physical,	
	social, cognitive and moral Development and hazards	10
	• Schooling and Development: Problems in Childhood, ADHD,	10
	Autism, learning  • Disabilities.	
	<ul><li>Stages of adolescence: characteristics, physical and</li></ul>	
	cognitive Changes, social, moral and self-development.	
	Challenges and issues in adolescent development, Role of	
	Parenting	
	Adulthood and Aging	
Unit IV	• Early adulthood: characteristics and development,	
	vocational adjustments, and family life	10
	• Cycle, problems in it.	
	Middle adulthood: characteristics and development, midlife	
	crisis and adjustments.	
	<ul> <li>Late adulthood: characteristics, physical changes, problems and adjustment Challenges and Issues in aging Process</li> </ul>	
	and adjustment chancinges and issues in aging riocess	1

	The Family: Theoretical Perspectives	
Unit V	<ul> <li>Diversity in Family Form,: Family Dynamics: Mapping Family Relationships: Family Theories-</li> </ul>	10
	Family Life Cycle Stages –	
Unit VI	<ul> <li>Family Life Cycle</li> <li>Marriage and the Beginning</li> <li>Child Bearing Families</li> <li>Families with Elementary and Middle School Children</li> <li>Families with Teenagers</li> <li>Families with Middle-aged Parents and Ageing Family Members</li> </ul>	10

- 1. Berk L. C.: Child Development (1996) 5<sup>th</sup> edition prentice hall of India PVT. Ltd.
- 2. Hurlock E. B.: "Developmental Psychology (1999) 6th edition TMH, New Delhi
- 3. Lahey B. B. (1998) Psychology, 6<sup>th</sup> edition TMH, New Delhi
- 4. Mussen Conger: Child Development.
- 5. Papalia D. E.: Human Development (2004) 9th edition TMH, New Delhi

#### Semester: I

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the	Type of	Title of the	Total	Credit
		Subject/Course	Course	Course/Subject	Learning	
					Hours	
5	DSE-IV.I B	PGDC 105 B	Th-Major Elective	Cognitive Psychology	60	4

#### Cos:

- Students will learn about the foundational concepts, historical development, key theoretical approaches, and research methods in cognitive psychology, as well as its current status and paradigms.
- Students will learn about the different types of attention and perception, the major theories explaining these cognitive processes, and the factors influencing how we process and interpret sensory information.
- Students will learn about the cognitive processes underlying language development, speech perception, reading, speaking, and writing, as well as the factors that influence language comprehension and communication.
- Students will learn about the stages, types, and approaches to problem-solving, including the use of algorithms, heuristics, means-ends analysis, computer simulations, and analogies.
- Students will learn about the phases involved in the decision-making process, from setting goals to evaluating outcomes, as well as various models of decision-making, including Expected Utility Theory, Multi attribute Utility Theory, Image Theory, and Recognition-Primed Decision Making.
- Students will learn about the concept of creativity, how it is defined and measured, and the roles of attitude, cognitive dissonance, and attribution theory in the creative process.

Unit	Content	Hours
	Introduction To Cognitive psychology	
Unit I	A) Origin and Brief History of Cognitive Psychology:	
	i) Current status of cognitive psychology	
	ii) Modern cognitive psychology	10
	B) Isms in Cognitive Psychology	
	C) Research Methods of Cognitive Psychology	
	D) Paradigms of Cognitive Psychology	
	(i) Information Processing approach,	
	(ii) Ecological approach	
	Attention and Perception	
Unit II	A) Attention:	
	i) Divided attention	
	ii) Selective attention	
	B) Theories of Attention	
	i) Filter theory	10
	ii) Attenuation theory	
	iii) Late selection theory	
	iv) Multimode theory	
	C) Theories of Perception	
	i) Gestalt	
	ii) Bottom-up	
	iii) Top-down	
	iv) Feature analysis	
	v) Subliminal perception	
	vi) extra sensory perception	
	vii)signal detection theory	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Unit III	Language A) Language Learning i) Stages of language development	
	ii) Apes and language	
	B) Understanding Spoken Language: ii) S Constituent structure iii) Transformation grammar iv) Factor Affecting comprehensive	
	C) Reading i) Theories of word recognition	10
	ii) Reading and working memory	
	D) Speaking i) Selecting the content of speech	
	ii) Speech errors	
	iii) Gesture	
	iv) The social context of speech E) Writing	
	i) Comparing speaking and writing	
	ii) Cognitive task involved in writing	
	Problem-solving	
Unit IV	A) Define Problem	
	i) Stages of problem solving	
	ii) Types of problem	
	iii) Problem solving approach iv) Algorithms	
	v) Heuristic	
	vi) Means ends analysis	10
	vii) Computer simulation and analogy.	
	Decision Making	
Unit V	A) Phases of Decision Making	
	i) Setting Goals	
	ii) Gathering Information	
	iii) Structuring Decision	
	iv) Making a Final Choice v) Evaluating	10
	B) Models of Decision Making	
	i) Expected Utility Theory	
	ii) Multi attribute Utility Theory	
	iii) Image Theory	
<b>*</b> * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	iv) Recognition-Primed Decision Making	
Unit VI	Creativity B) Creativity	
	i) Define creativity	
	ii) Measuring creativity	10
	iii) Attitude and Cognitive dissonance	10
	iv) Attribution theory.	

- 1) Matlin, M. (1994). Cognition. Prism India Books
- 2) Solso, R.L. (2004). Cognitive Psychology (6<sup>th</sup> ed). Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 3) Stenberg, R. J. (2007). Cognitive Psychology. Australia: Thompson Wadsowrth.
- 4) Galloti, K.M.(2004). Cognitive Psychology In and Out of Laboratory. USA: Thomson Wadesworth.
- 5) Kellogg, R. T. (2007). Fundamentals of Cognitive Psychology. N. D. Sage
- 6) Publications. Wade, C. and Tavris, C. (2007). Psychology. Pearson Education.
- 7) 6.Best, J. B. (1999). Cognitive Psychology. USA: Wadsworth Publishing Co.
- 8) Gunther, R. K. (1998). Human Cognition. New Jersey: Prentice-Hall.
- 9) Kalpan, S. & amp; Kalpan, R. (1982) Cognition & Environment. N.Y.:Praeger Publishers.
- 10) Flavell, J. H. (1985). Cognitive Development. (2<sup>nd</sup> ed). N.J.: Prentice-Hall.
- 11) Reed, S. K. (1998). Cognition: Theory and Application (3<sup>rd</sup> ed). California Books/Cole Pub. Company.
- 12) Borude, R.R. Bodhanik Manasashastra. Chhaya Prakashan.
- 13) Cohen, G. (1983). Psychology of Cognition (2<sup>nd</sup> ed). London: Academic Press.
- 14) Desai, B. & Abhyankar, S.C. (2007).
- 15) Prayogik Manasashastra and Sanshodhan Paddhati. Pune: Narendra Prakashan.

# Sant Gadge Baba Amravati University, Amravati.

**Faculty: Inter-disciplinary Studies** 

# Two Year- four Semester Post Graduate Diploma Programme-NEPv24 Advance Diploma in Counselling and Psychotherapy

Semester: II [Level 6.0]

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
1	DSC-I.2	PGDC 201	Th-Major	Abnormal psychology I	60	4

#### Cos:

#### Student should be able to:

- Students will differentiate between normal and abnormal psychological patterns.
- Students will identify and apply DSM and ICD classification systems in clinical settings.
- Students will diagnose and analyze various mental disorders based on clinical features.
- Enhance academic interest about psychological illness and mental health.
- To develop the skills so as to become a good psychology practitioner.
- Awareness of mental illness and mental health in the surrounding area.

Unit	Content	Hours
Unit I	Definitions of abnormal behavior, Difference between normal and abnormal behavior, The DSM-5 and ICD 10 classification of abnormal behavior,	10
Unit II	Biological, psychological and sociocultural perspectives of abnormal behavior. Relationship between abnormal Psychology Counselling.	10
Unit III	Causes and risk factors in abnormal behavior: Necessary, sufficient and contributory factors.  Biological, psychosocial and sociocultural factors of abnormal behavior	10
Unit IV	Health problems and behavior. Psychological factors in health and disease. Stress and the stress response, biological cost of stress, stress and the immune system. The link between the brain and the immune system.	10
Unit V	Lifestyle factors in health and illness. Psychosomatic disorders and somatic Form disorder	10
Unit VI	Anxiety based disorders: Generalized anxiety disorder, phobic disorders, obsessive compulsive disorder, and panic disorder with and without agoraphobia. Stress and adjustment disorders, Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder.	10

- 1) Alloy, L. B.; Riskind, J. H. and Manos, M. J. (2006). Abnormal Psychology: Current Perspectives, 9<sup>th</sup> ed. Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 2) Barlow, D. H. and Durand, V. M. (2007). Abnormal Psychology: An Integrative Approach, 4<sup>th</sup> ed. Thompson (India Edition).
- 3) Carson, C. C.; Butcher, J. N. and Mineka, S. (2004). Abnormal Psychology and Modern Life, 11<sup>th</sup> ed. Pearson, New Delhi.
- 4) Carson, C. C.; Butcher, J. N.; Mineka, S. and Hooley, J. M. (2011). Abnormal Psychology, 13<sup>th</sup> ed. Pearson, New Delhi.
- 5) Sarason, I. G. and Sarason B. R. (2002). Abnormal Psychology, 10<sup>th</sup> ed. Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 6) Sarason, I. G. and Sarason B. R. (2006). Abnormal Psychology: The Problem of Mal daptive Behavior, 11<sup>th</sup> ed. Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 7) Susan Nulen-Hoeksema (2005). Abnormal Psychology, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.

#### **Semester: II**

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
2	DSC-II.2	PGDC 202	Th-Major	Psychotherapy-1	60	4

# Cos:

- Gain the knowledge of various psychotherapy and its basic procedure.
- Understand effectiveness of specific psychotherapy in solution of particular problem.
- Gain the knowledge of different psychotherapeutic skills.
- Completion of supervised clinical hours where trainees apply their knowledge in real-world settings under the guidance of experienced psychotherapists.
- Ability to integrate theoretical knowledge and clinical data to develop comprehensive case formulations.
- Intervention Strategies. Experience in implementing intervention strategies and adapting them based on client progress.

Unit	Content	Hours
	Introduction to psychotherapy:	
Unit I	<ul> <li>Nature and definition of Psychotherapies</li> </ul>	
	• The counsellor as a therapeutic person ( Personal	
	characteristics of effective counsellor)	10
	<ul> <li>The counsellors values and therapeutic process</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Ethical issues and counselling practices.</li> </ul>	
	Psychoanalytic Therapies: Classical and Modern	
<b>Unit II</b>	Introduction of Psychoanalysis	
	Key concepts:	
	Structure of personality	10
	The Dynamics of Personalize	
	and Development of Personality	
	Psychoanalytic Therapies: Modern	
Unit III	Erikson's Psychological perspective	
	Jung's perspective on	
	the	10
	<ul> <li>Development of</li> </ul>	
	Personality	
	Behavior Therapies:	
Unit IV	<ul> <li>Historical background and four areas of development</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Key concepts: View of human nature, basic characteristics and assumptions</li> </ul>	10
	• The therapeutic process: therapeutic goals, therapist's function and role	
	<ul> <li>Introduction to operant conditioning therapy techniques</li> </ul>	

Unit V	<ul> <li>Cognitive, Humanistic and Existential Therapies</li> <li>Cognitive Therapies: Key concepts of REBT, Mindfulness and REBT, Beck's Cognitive Therapy.</li> <li>Rogers client entered therapy</li> <li>Gestalt therapy</li> <li>Logo therapy and Reality therapy</li> </ul>	10
Unit VI	<ul> <li>Multimodal and Eastern Therapies, T.A</li> <li>Lazarus Multimodal Therapy: BASICI.D</li> <li>Eastern Therapies: Vipassana and Zen Buddhism</li> <li>Islam and Sufism</li> <li>Yoga Therapy</li> </ul>	10

- 1) Capuzzi, D., & Gross, D.R. (2008). Counselling and Psychotherapy: theories and interventions 4th Edn. Pearson Education: India.
- 2) Corey, G. (2008). Theory and practice of group Counselling. Thomson Brooks/Cole: Belmont CA: USA.
- 3) Prochaska, J.O., & Norcross, J.C. (2007). Systems of psychotherapy: a transtheoretical analysis. 6th Edn. Thomson Brooks/Cole: Belmont, CA: USA.
- 4) Corsini, R.J. & Wedding, D. (Eds.) (1995). Current psychotherapies. Itasca, Ill.: F.E. Peacock.
- 5) Gelso, C. J. &Fretz, B.R. (1995). Counselling psychology Bangalore: Prism books.
- 6) Woolfe, R. & Dryden, W. (Eds.) (1996). Handbook of Counselling psychology. New Delhi: Sage.
- 7) Stewart, I. (2000). Transactional analysis Counselling in action. London: Sage.
- 8) Beck, A.T. (1976). Cognitive therapy and behavior disorders.
- 9) Rimm, D.C. & Masters, J.C. (1987). Behavior therapy: Techniques and empirical findings. New York: Harcourt, Brace, Jovanich.
- 10) Ajay, S.(1989). Psychotherapy: East and West. Hinsdale, Penn.: Himalayan International Inst.Ellis, A. & Harper, A. (1975).
- 11) A new guide to rational living. Englewood Cliffs, N.J.: Prentice-Hall.

#### Semester: II

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
3	DSC-III.2	PGDC 203	Th-Major	Counselling skills and practices	60	4

#### Cos:

- Students will learn the stages of the counseling process, including building rapport, assessment, goal setting, intervention, and termination.
- Students will understand and articulate the major counseling skills.
- Role-Playing: Engage in role-playing scenarios to practice counseling skills in a controlled environment.
- Learn to use and interpret various psychological assessment tools and techniques.
- Ability to adapt counseling techniques to fit the cultural and individual needs of diverse clients.
- Crisis Intervention: Understand and apply crisis intervention strategies.

Unit	Content	Hours
	Counselling –Introduction	
Unit I	Definition of Counselling	
	Difference between Guidance & Counselling & Therapy	10
	Phases of Counselling	10
	Confidentiality & Record Keeping	
	<ul> <li>Legal Responsibilities in Counseling</li> </ul>	
	Fundamental Counselling Skills	
Unit II	Attending and Interacting skills	10
	Observational Skills	
	Reflective Listening	
Unit III	Specific Counselling Skills	
	Paraphrasing and reflecting feelings	
	Asking questions	•
	Self- Disclosing,	20
	Facilitating problem solving	
	Application of core Counselling skill	
Unit IV	Self-Disclosure Skills	
	<ul> <li>Skills for Electing and Assessing Feelings and Physical</li> </ul>	
	Reactions	10
	<ul> <li>Skills for Electing and Assessing Thinking</li> </ul>	
	Skills for Electing and Assessing Communication and Actions	
	Skills for Working with Clients and Negotiating Home Work	
	Crisis Counselling	
Unit V	<ul> <li>Meaning and Definition of crisis counselling</li> </ul>	
	Relaxation techniques	10
	Behavioral activities	
	Cognitive restructuring	
	Life coping skills	
Unit VI	• Self-Awareness	
	Decision Making	
	Creative thinking	
	Critical Thinking,	
	Interpersonal relationship	10
	• Goal Setting,	
	• Coping with Stress,	
	Coping with oneon,	1

- 1) Feltham, C. & Horton, I.E. (ed) (2006). The Sage handbook of Counselling and Psychotherapy (2nd ed.). London: Sage Publication.
- 2) Gibson, R.L., Mitchell, M.H. (2005). Introduction to counselling and guidance (6th ed.). Delhi: Pearson education Pte. Ltd.
- 3) Gelso, C.J., Fretz, B.R. (1995) Counselling psychology. Banglore: Prism booksPvt.Ltd
- 4) Gregory, R.J. (2005). Psychological Testing (4<sup>th</sup> ed.), Delhi: Pearson education Pte. Ltd.
- 5) Nelson R. Jones (2000). Introduction to counselling skills, text and activities. London: Sage Publication.
- 6) Cohen, R.J., Swerdlik, M.E. (2005). Psychological testing and assessment (6th ed.). Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 7) Dalai Lama, His Holiness the & Cutler, S.C. (1998). The art of happiness: The handbook for living. Sidney: Hodder.

#### Semester: II

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
4	DSE- I.II	PGDC 204 A	Th-Major Elective	Vocational guidance and counselling	60	4

# Cos:

- Identify educational problems of students at different stages.
- Administer and interpret different types of tests.
- Help students with learning difficulties and social/emotional problems.
- Prepare for the world of work.
- To help students to compete with a winning attitude
- To develop soft skills

Unit	Content	Hours
	Managing The Guidance Service	
Unit I	Setting up of an Educational Cell/Unit	
	<ul> <li>Monitoring and Evaluation of a comprehensive</li> </ul>	
	Guidance Programme in Educational Settings.	10
	Networking with Community Agencies.	
	Vocational Guidance and Counselling	
Unit II	The nature of Vocational Guidance	
	Vocational Guidance meaning, need and Importance	
	The need for Vocational Guidance	10
	➤ The Socio-economic and Cultural Context	
	The Concept of Vocational Development	
Unit III	The Concept of Vocational Development and factor	
	contributing to	
	Vocational Development.	10
	Theories of Vocational Development	
	➤ Donald Super's Self-actualization	
	Ginsberg's Occupational Choice.	
	The Purpose of Vocational Counselling	
Unit IV	Job analysis	
	<ul> <li>Job satisfaction</li> </ul>	
	Occupational Information	10
	Sources of occupational Information	
	Preparation For The World of Work	
Unit V	Studying Job Requirements	
	Training for interviews	
	The Psychology of Entrepreneurship	10
	Counselling employees	

	Human Resources	
Unit VI	Hiring people	
	Motivating & maintaining People	
	Recruitment & Selection, Job analysis.	10
	Counselling employee.	

- 1. Gelso, C.J., Fretz, B.R. (1995). Counselling psychology. Banglore: Prism Books Pvt. Ltd
- 2. Gibson, R.L., Mitchell, M.H. (2003). Introduction to counselling and guidance (6th ed.). Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 3. Arulmani, G, Arulmani, S. (2004). Career counselling: A handbook. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.

**Semester: II** 

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
4	DSE-II.II	PGDC 204 B	Th-Major Elective	Personality Theories	60	4

#### Cos:

- Understand the details concept of personality psychology
- Understand the behavior approach of personality
- Gain the knowledge of psychoanalytic theory
- Understand the detail concept of cognitive behavior approach
- Determine the humanistic and existential approach of personality.
- Evaluate the Indian approaches of personality.

Unit	Content	Hours
Unit I	<ul> <li>Personality Psychology</li> <li>The concept of personality: nature, Definition and heterogeneity.</li> <li>Theory of personality: Characteristics, major components, evaluation of personality theory, important issues in personality theory.</li> </ul>	10
Unit II	<ul> <li>Behavioral And Social Approach</li> <li>Behavioral view of the person</li> <li>Pavlov, B. F. Skinner A. Bandura, J. Rotter, Dollard and Miller</li> </ul>	10
Unit III	Psychoanalytic approach  • Sigmund Freud Theory  • Erik H Erikson	10
Unit IV	Cognitive Behavioral Approach  G. Kelly,  Michell,  Ellis,  Beck	10
Unit V	<ul> <li>Humanistic And Existential Approach</li> <li>C. Rogers,</li> <li>Maslow</li> <li>R. May,</li> <li>V. Frankl</li> </ul>	10
Unit VI	<ul> <li>The Indian Approaches To Personality</li> <li>Guna theory-Srimad bhagvatgeeta</li> <li>View point of Shri. Aurobindo Gautam Budha- Abhidhama.</li> </ul>	10

- 1) Barabara, E (2006). Personality Theories (7 thed). New York: Houghton mifflin Company
- 2) Boeree, C. G. (2006) Personality Theories [http://www.ship.edu/%7Ecgboeree/perscontents.html]
- 3) Hall, C. s. & amp; Linzey, G. (1991) Theories of Personality, 3rd edn.. John Wiley & Sons, Inc.U.S.A.
- 4) Nithiyanandan, V. (2008) Buddhist and western psychology comparative study. Global vision publishing house.
- 5) Pandey, J. (ed.) (2001) Personality and Health Psychology In Psychology in India Revisited. Developments in the discipline, sage Publication India Pvt ltd. New Delhi. India.
- 6) Pervin, L (2003). The Science of Personality. 2nd edn. Oxford University Press. New York
- 7) Samuel W (1981): Personality McGraw Hill International Book Company.
- 8) Schultz D.P. & Schultz S.F. (2001) Theories of Personality 7 th edition Wadsworth Thomson Learning, USA.
- 9) Sri Aurobindo, The synthesis of Yoga (1970 73) Sri Aurobindo Birth Centenary Library, Sri Aurobindo Ashram Press, Pondicherry, India
- 10) Tilak B. G. (1986) Geeta Rahasysa or Karma Yoga Rahasya, B. s. Sukhtankar (Eng. Tra.) 6 the dn Geeta printers, Pune, India.

#### Sant Gadge Baba Amravati University, Amravati

#### **FACULTY: Interdisciplinary Studies**

# Scheme of Teaching, Learning, Examination & Evaluation leading to One Year Advance Diploma of Counselling and Psychotherapy following Two Year- Four Semesters Programme of 2024-2025 (Two Year- Four Semesters Diploma Programme- NEPv24 with Exit and

#### **Entry Option**

Advance Diploma in Counselling and Psychotherapy Semester-I

							Teac	ching & Lea	ırning Sc	heme		Duration	Examination & Evaluation Scheme								
S.r		Name of Subject	Type of	Subject								Of Exam Hours		Ma	aximum Marl	KS					
No	Subject		Name of Subject	t Name of Subject	Course	Code	Learning Hours Per Week				Credits		Hours	Theory		Pra	ctical		Minimum Passing		
					L	Т	P	Total	L/T	Practical	Total	Mark.	Theory Internal	Theory +MCQ External	Internal	External	Total Marks	Marks Internal	Marks External	Grade	
1	RM & IPR	Research Methodology and IPR	Th-Major	PGDC-101	4			4	4		4	3	40	60			100	16	24	P	
2	DSC-I.1	Fundamentals of Psychology	Th-Major	PGDC-102	4		1	4	4		4	3	40	60			100	16	24	P	
3	DSC-II.1	Fundamentals of Counselling & Fields of Counselling	Th-Major	PGDC-103	4			4	4		4	3	40	60			100	16	24	P	
4	DSC-III.1	Psycho-diagnostics	Th-Major	PGDC-104	4		ï	4	4		4	3	40	60			100	16	24	P	
5	DSE-I	Human Development & Family Relationship OR Cognitive Psychology	Th- Major Elective	PGDC-105 A PGDC-105 B	4		Ú	4	4		4	3	40	60	Į.		100	16	24	P	
						-		1		K 5			3773	1					ım Passing arks	Grade	
5	DSC-I.1 Lab	Practical	Pr-Major	PGDC-106		9	4	4		2	2	3		VII.	50	50	100		50	P	
6			Related to DSC			ions of		ely during er I and				4*									
7.	Education , Sp NSS/ NCC,Fin	Courses: Health and wellness ,Yoga orts and Fitness ,Cultural Activities, e/Applied/Visual/Performing Arts ng Semester I,II,III and IV	Generic Optional		Exit Option with Advance Diploma with 4 Credits on job  Student has to earn Total minimum 4 Credits cumul							training/internship in the respective major subject atively during Vacations of Semester I and Semester II from internship in order to exit after First 44) after Three Year UG Degree							ear with PG Dip	ploma (42-	
	TOTAL					nent / Ex	kaminat	Evaluation tion hours hours			22						600				

#### L: Lecture, T: Tutorial, P: Practical/Practicum

Pre-requisite Course mandatory if applicable: Prq, Theory: Th, Practical/Practicum: Pr, Faculty Specific Core: FSC, Discipline Specific Elective: DSE, Laboratory: Lab, OJT: On Job Training: Internship/ Apprenticeship; Field projects: FP; RM: Research Methodology; Research Project: RP, Co-curricular Courses: CC

Note: # On Job Training, Internship/ Apprenticeship; Field projects Related to Major (During vacations of Semester I and Semester II) for duration of 120 hours mandatory to all the students, to be completed during vacations of Semester I and/or II. This will carry 4 Credits for learning of 120 hours. Its credits and grades will be reflected in Semester II credit grade report.

Note: Co-curricular Courses: In addition to the above, CC also include but not limited to Academic activities like paper presentations in conferences, Aavishkar, start-ups, Hackathon, Quiz competitions, Article published, Participation in Summer school/ Winter School / Short term course, Scientific Surveys, Societal Surveys, Field Visits, Study tours, Industrial Visits, online/offline Courses on Yoga (Yoga for Ego development, Yoga for Anger Management, Yoga for Eyesight Improvement, Yoga for Physical Stamina, Yoga for Stress Management, etc.). These can be completed cumulatively during Semester I, II, III and IV. Its credits and grades will be reflected in semester IV credit grade report.

Special Note: Any Student who had not opted for Psychology as subject of degree of as Major or Minor in three years of his/her undergraduate programme but has taken admission in this course will have to earn minimum 24 credits from 'Additional Course Work / Pre-Requisite Course prescribed in the curriculum. Unless these additional 24 credits are earned by the students, the result of Advance Diploma will not be announced / declared.

# Sant Gadge Baba Amravati University, Amravati FACULTY: Interdisciplinary Studies

#### Scheme of Teaching, Learning, Examination & Evaluation leading to One Year Advance Diploma of Counselling and Psychotherapy

following Two Year- Four Semesters Programme of 2024-2025 (Two Year- Four Semesters Diploma Programme- NEPv24 with Exit and Entry Option

Advance Diploma in Counselling and Psychotherapy Semester- II [Level 6.0]

				Subject Code	Advance Dipionia in Counsening and Esychotherapy Semester-								Examination & Evaluation Scheme							
											Duration	Maximum M	Iarks							
S. N.	Subject	Name of Subject	Type of Course		Learning Hours Per Week				Credits			Of Exam Hours	Theory		Practical			Minimum Passing		
14.			Course		L	Т	P	Total	L/T	Practical	Total	7.75	Theory Internal	Theory +MCQ External	Internal	External	Total Marks	Marks Internal	Marks External	Grade
1	DSC-I.2	Abnormal Psychology-I	Th- Major	PGDC-201	4			4	4		4	3	40	60			100	16	24	P
2	DSC-II.2	Psychotherapy-I	Th- Major	PGDC-202	4		ı	4	4	100	4	3	40	60	8		100	16	24	P
	DSC-III.2	Counselling skills and practices	Th- Major			n			37	13	4	3	4u	6u	1					
4	DSE II	Vocational Guidance Counselling OR Personality Theory	Th- Major Elective	PGDC-204 A PGDC-204 B	4			4	4		4	3	40	60			100	16	24	P
							7				, ·			4/5	7				ım Passing Iarks	Grade
5	DSC-I.2 Lab.	Practical	Pr- Major				4	4		2	2	3			50	50	100	50		P
6	# On Job Training, Internship/ Apprentice ship, Fields projects Related to Major @ during vacations cumulatively.  Co-curricular Courses: Health and wellness ,Yoga Education , Sports and Fitness ,Cultural Activities, NSS/ NCC, Fine /Applied /Visual / Performing Arts During Semester I,II,III and IV		Related to DSC		120 Hours O vacations of Semester II	f Semes					4*									P
7.			Generic Optiona I		•	Studer	nt has to		a with 4 Credits on job training/ir al minimum 4 Credits cumulativel egree						ester II from i	nternship in o	rder to exit af	ter First year w	rith PG Diploma	(42-44)
TOTAL					20 + (15) Se assessment minimu	t / Exan		hours =			18+4*	-					500			

#### L: Lecture, T: Tutorial, P: Practical/Practicum

Pre-requisite Course mandatory if applicable: Prq, Theory :Th, Practical/Practicum: Pr, Faculty Specific Core: FSC, Discipline Specific Elective: DSE, Laboratory: Lab, OJT: On Job Training: Internship/ Apprenticeship; Field projects: FP; RM: Research Methodology; Research Project: RP, Co-curricular Courses: CC

Note: # On Job Training, Internship/ Apprenticeship; Field projects Related to Major (During vacations of Semester I and Semester II) for duration of 120 hours mandatory to all the students, to be completed during vacations of Semester I and/or II. This will carry 4 Credits for learning of 120 hours. Its credits and grades will be reflected in Semester II credit grade report.

Note: Co-curricular Courses: In addition to the above, CC also include but not limited to Academic activities like paper presentations in conferences, Aavishkar, start-ups, Hackathon, Quiz competitions, Article published, Participation in Summer school/ Winter School / Short term course, Scientific Surveys, Societal Surveys, Field Visits, Study tours, Industrial Visits, online/offline Courses on Yoga (Yoga for Ego development, Yoga for Ego development, Yoga for Eyesight Improvement, Yoga for Physical Stamina, Yoga for Stress Management, etc.). These can be completed cumulatively during Semester I, II, III and IV. Its credits and grades will be reflected in semester IV credit grade report.

Special Note: Any Student who had not opted for Psychology as subject of degree of as Major or Minor in three years of his/her undergraduate programme but has taken admission in this course will have to earn minimum 24 credits from 'Additional Course Work / Pre-Requisite Course prescribed in the curriculum. Unless these additional 24 credits are earned by the students, the result of Advance Diploma will not be announced / declared.